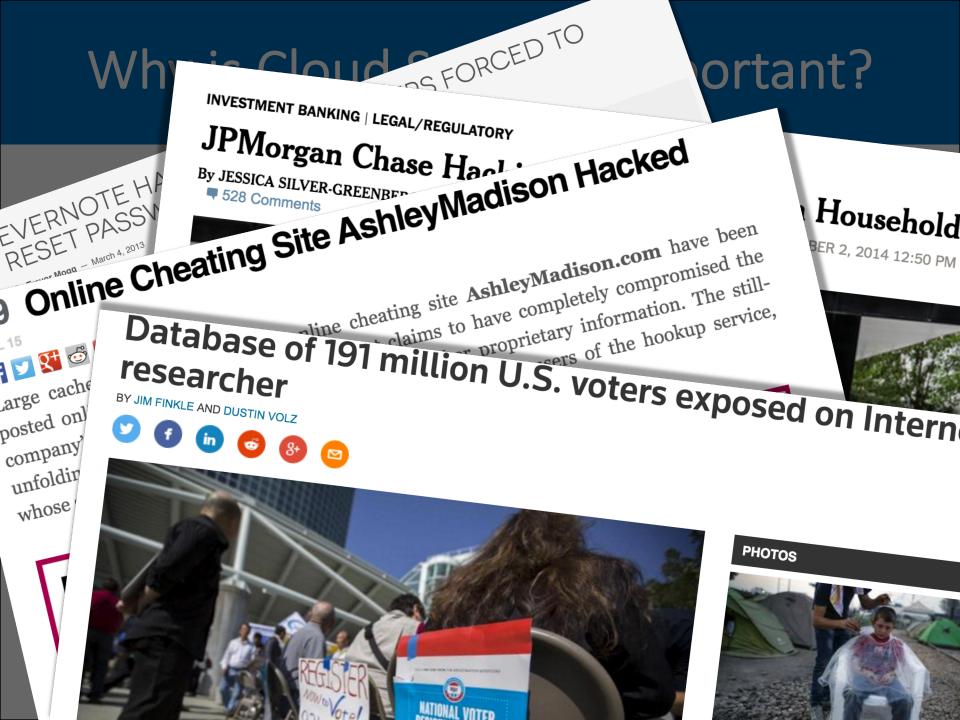
Sneak-Peek: High Speed Covert Channels in Data Center Networks

Rashid Tahir, Mohammad Taha Khan, Xun Gong, Adnan Ahmed, Amiremad Ghassami, Hasanat Kazmi, Matthew Caesar, Fareed Zaffar and Negar Kiyavash





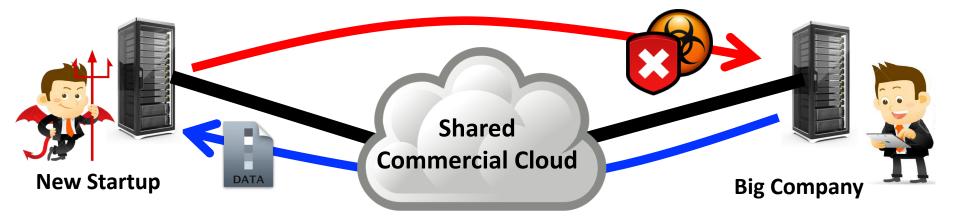




Cloud Infrastructure

- Clouds share recourses to achieve economies of scale
- Current isolation mechanisms:
 - Hypervisor isolation
 - Fine grained access control
 - Information control flow
- Host based isolation mechanisms; network is still shared
- Possibility of **side and covert channel attacks**

Attack Scenario



- Clouds polices restrict communication
- Covert malware can transfer data using shared infrastructure
- Policy violation without cloud knowing

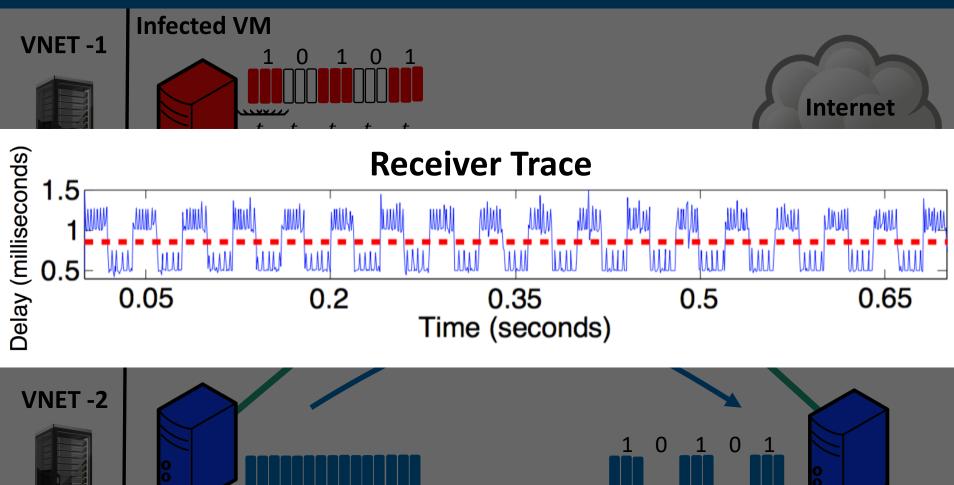
Covert Channels

A type of an attack that creates a capability to transfer information between entities that are allowed to communicate directly.

Wikipedia

- Novelty:
 - Real world implementation
 - High Bandwidth
 - Low detectability
 - Practical defenses
- Our Model:
 - Entities: VMs on different virtual networks
 - Timing based covert channel
 - Inter packet delays
 - Shared queues

Simplistic Channel Model



 t_1

 t_2

 t_3

 $t_4 t_5$

Adversary VM-1

VM-2

Adversary

Evaluation Platforms

- In-house Dumbbell Tested
 - IGB links
 - GREENnet 8 port Full-Duplex Switch











- UIUC Oceans Tested
 - Pica8 Pronto 3290 switches
- Datacenter Networks
 - Emulab
 - Microsoft Azure
 - Amazon EC2

Challenges...

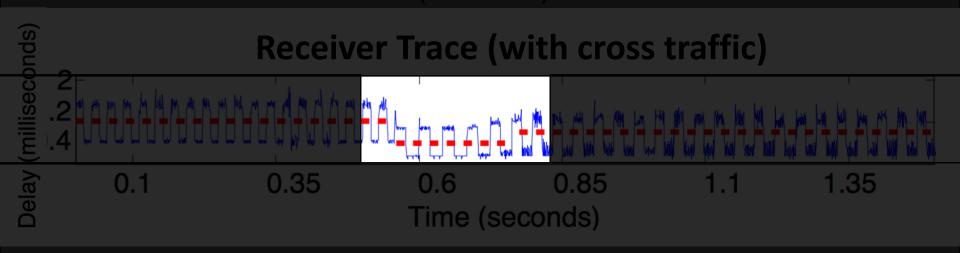
- Dealing with cross traffic
- Achieving synchronization
- Acquiring **co-resident links**



- Remaining **undetectable**
- Robustness in varying networking configurations

Adaptive Decoding Algorithm

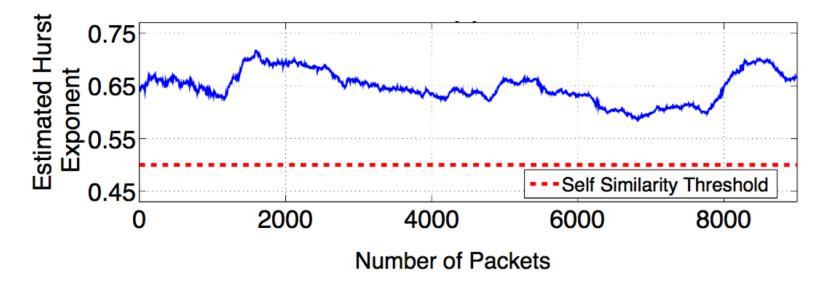
Cross traffic sources Actual network traces (IMC 20)



Issue: Loss of synchronization between sender/receiver
Solution: Send a preamble to maintain synchronization

Traffic Trace Logs: Network Traffic Characteristics of Data Centers in the Wild, IMC 2010

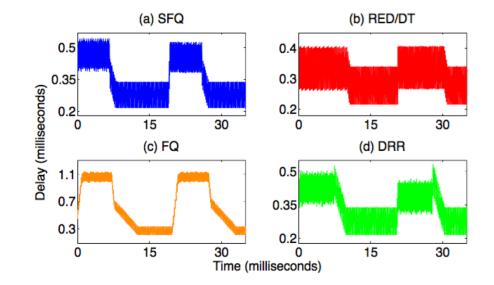
Covert Channel Detectability



- Datacenter traffic is of self similar nature
- Evaluate channel detectability using the Hurst Parameter
- A value of > 0.5 indicates that covert traffic in undetectable

Effect of Queuing Policy

- Queuing Mechanisms
 - Stochastic Fair Queuing
 - Drop Tail
 - Fair Queuing
 - Deficit Round Robin



- Run NS2 simulations for evaluation purposes
- Channel operation remains consistent

Achieved Bitrates

Bit Rate	Error Without Cross Traffic	Error With Cross Traffic + Brute Force Decoding	Error With Cross Traffic + Adaptive Decoding
67	0%	3.30%	0%
134	0%	42.80%	0%
335	0%	> 80%	8.68%

- **Orange Book: "**A covert channel of 100 bits is considered high"
- 5 minutes of human time for key exfiltration at 100 bits/sec

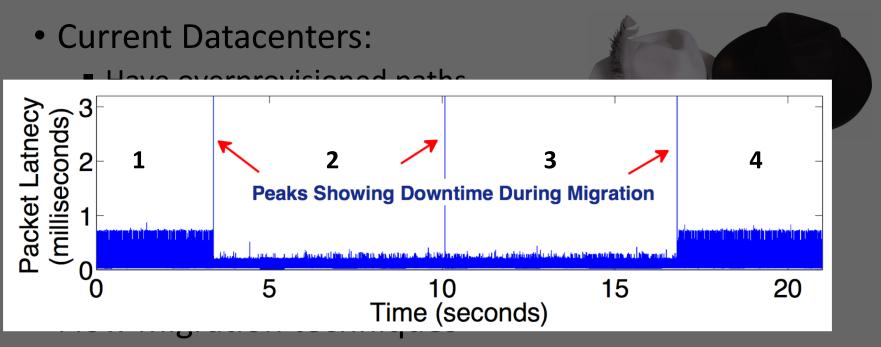
Mitigation

- Current Datacenters:
 - Have overprovisioned paths
 - Perform load balancing



- Our covert channel relies on co-resident flows
- Flow migration techniques
 - Random
 - Timing based
 - Self similar

Mitigation



- Random
- Timing based
- Self similar

Questions?

Current clouds create the illusion of isolation by software mechanisms

Covert channels can leak information by using shared infrastructure

Present a real world covert channel mechanism along with a practical defense mechanism

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